

Quantum cryptography

A (very) brief history of cryptography

Broken?

Monoalphabetic cipher	invented ~50 BC (J. Caesar)	~850 (Al-Kindi)
Nomenclators (code books)	~1400 – ~1800	✓
Polyalphabetic (Vigenère)	1553 – ~1900	1863 (F. W. Kasiski)
...		
Polyalphabetic electromechanical (Enigma, Purple, etc.)	1920s – 1970s	✓
...		
DES	1977 – 2005	1998: 56 h (EFF)
Public-key crypto (RSA, elliptic-curve)	1977 –	will be once we have q. computer (P. Shor 1994)
AES	2001 –	?
Public-key crypto ('quantum-safe')	in development	?

Breaking cryptography retroactively



Mosca theorem

y (re-tool infrastructure)

x (encryption needs be secure)

z (time to build large quantum computer)

Time

If $x + y > z$, then worry.

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Quantum cryptography	invented 1984, in development	impossible*
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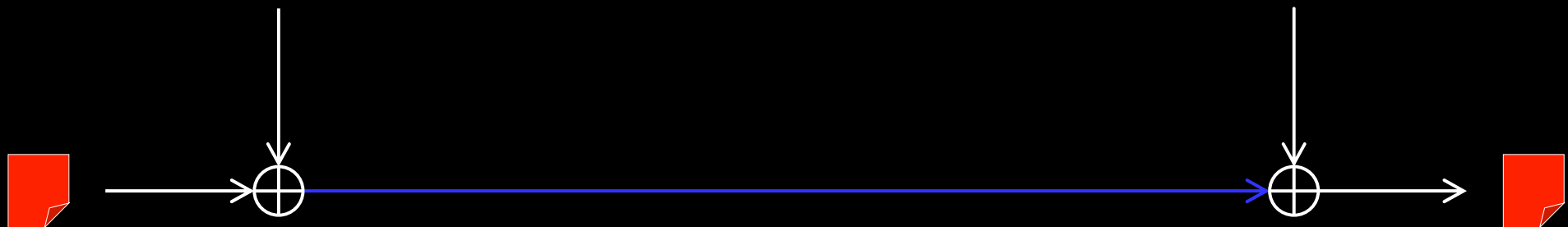
One-time pad

Alice

Bob

Random secret key of same length as message

Random secret key



Message

Message

α	β	$\alpha \oplus \beta$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

G. Vernam, U.S. patent 1310719 (filed in 1918, granted 1919)
C. E. Shannon, Bell Syst. Tech. J. **28**, 656 (1949)

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Quantum communication primitives

Advantages over classical primitives:

Unconditionally secure? Less resources? Other quantum advantages?

Money	●		
Key distribution	●		
Secret sharing	●		
Digital signatures	●	●	
Superdense coding		●	
Fingerprinting		●	
Oblivious transfer	Impossible		●
Bit commitment	Impossible		●
Coin-tossing	●		
Cloud computing	●		
Bitcoin		●	
Bell inequality testing			
Teleportation			
Entanglement swapping			
Interaction-free measurement			
Random number generators	●		

} (no classical equivalent)

Quantum communication primitives

Money

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Cloud computing

Bitcoin

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Interaction-free measurement

Random number generators

S. Wiesner, unpublished circa 1970, *Sigact News* **15**, 78 (1983);
S. Aaronson, P. Christiano, *Proc. STOC'12*, 41 (2012)

idquantique.com, quantum-info.com, qasky.com, goqr.com

W. P. Grice *et al.*, *Opt. Express* **23**, 7300 (2015).

R. Collins *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **113**, 040502 (2014)

C. H. Bennett, S. J. Wiesner, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **69**, 2881 (1992)

J.-Y. Guan *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **116**, 240502 (2016)

C. Erven *et al.*, *Nat. Commun.* **5**, 3418 (2014)

T. Lunghi *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **111**, 180504 (2013)

A. Pappa *et al.*, *Nat. Commun.* **5**, 3717 (2014)

S. Barz *et al.*, *Science* **335**, 303 (2012)

J. Jogenfors, [arXiv:1604.01383](https://arxiv.org/abs/1604.01383)

B. Hensen *et al.*, *Nature* **526**, 682 (2015)

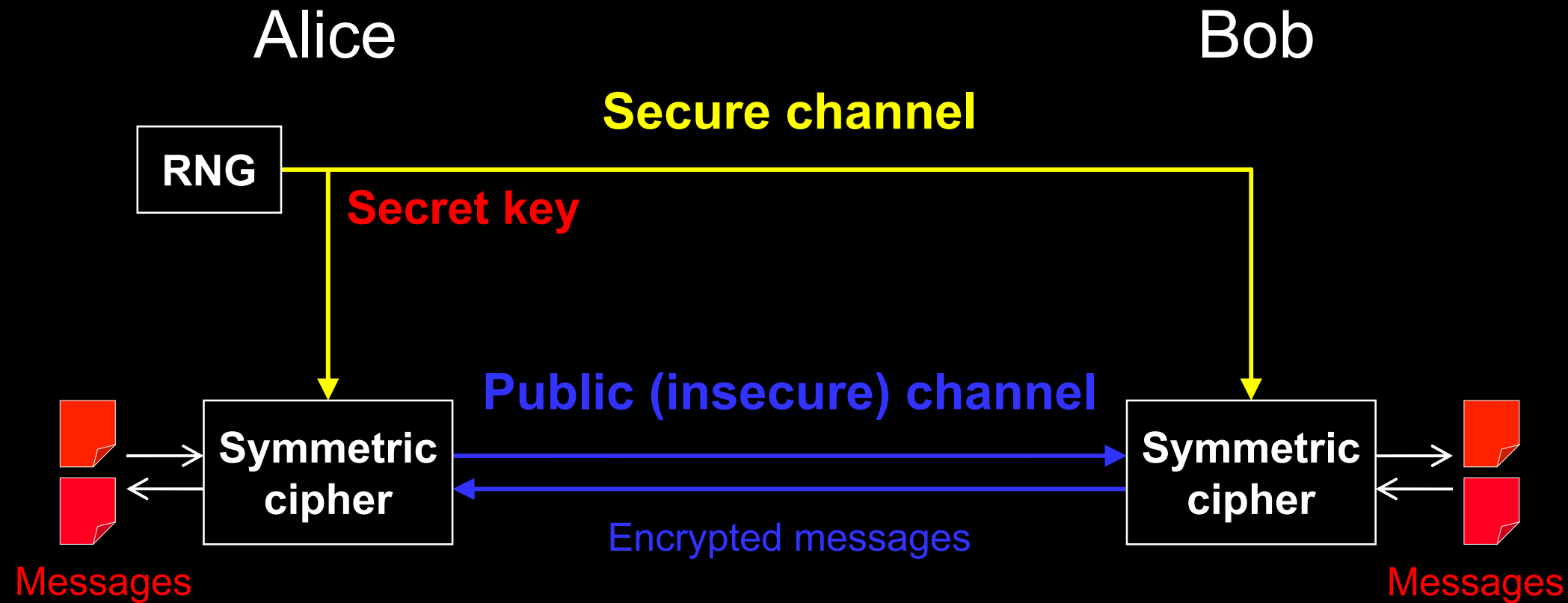
X.-S. Ma *et al.*, *Nature* **489**, 269 (2012)

M. Żukowski *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **71**, 4287 (1993)

A. C. Elitzur, L. Vaidman, *Found. Phys.* **23**, 987 (1993)

idquantique.com, picoquant.com

Key distribution for encryption



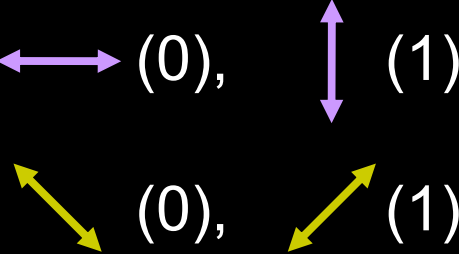
Quantum key distribution transmits secret key by sending quantum states over *open channel*.

Quantum key distribution (QKD)

Alice



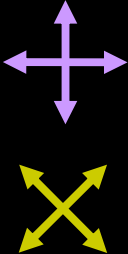
Prepares photons



Bob



Measures photons

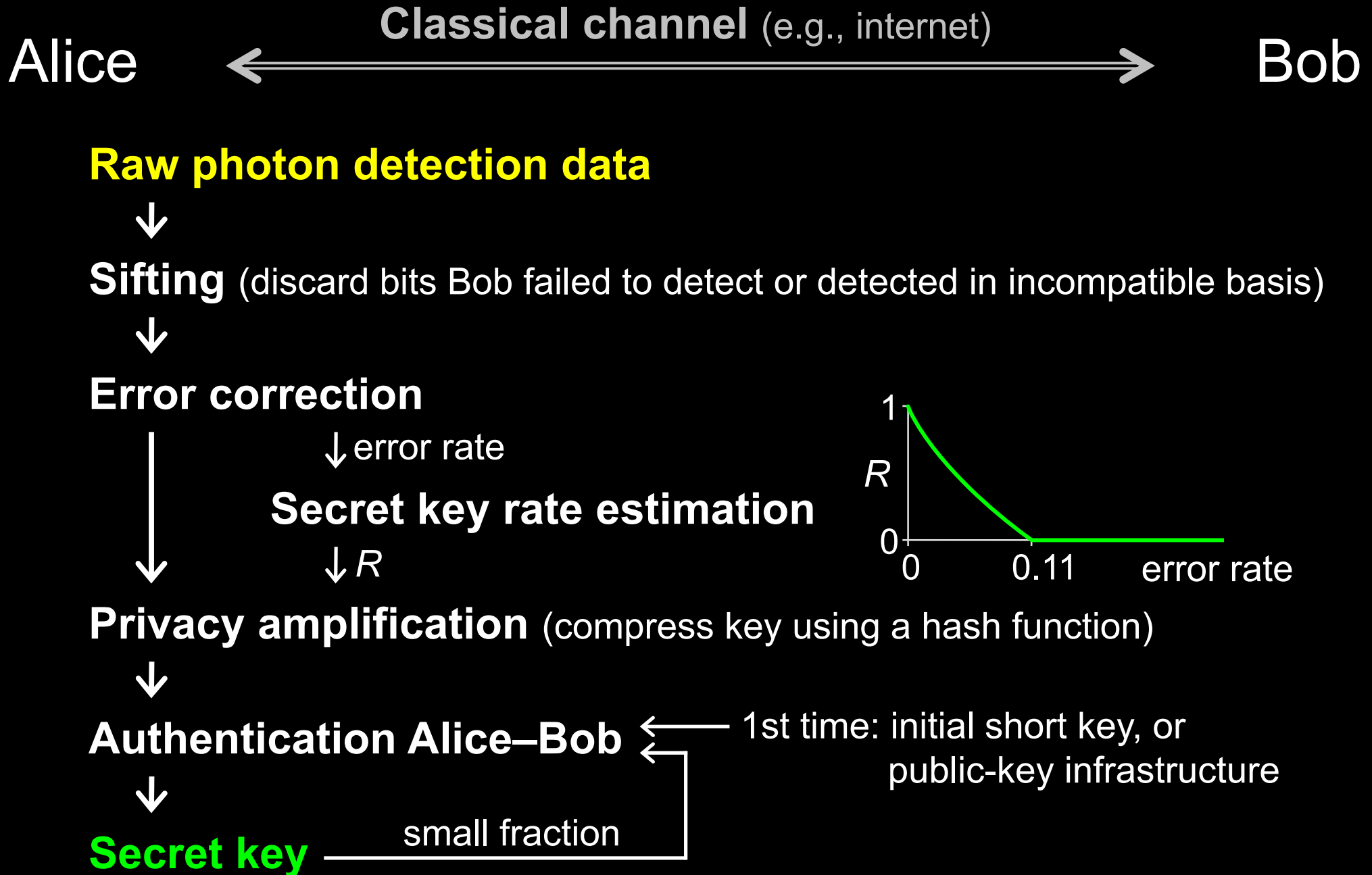


or ?



Eavesdropping introduces errors

Post-processing in QKD



Commercial QKD

Classical encryptors:

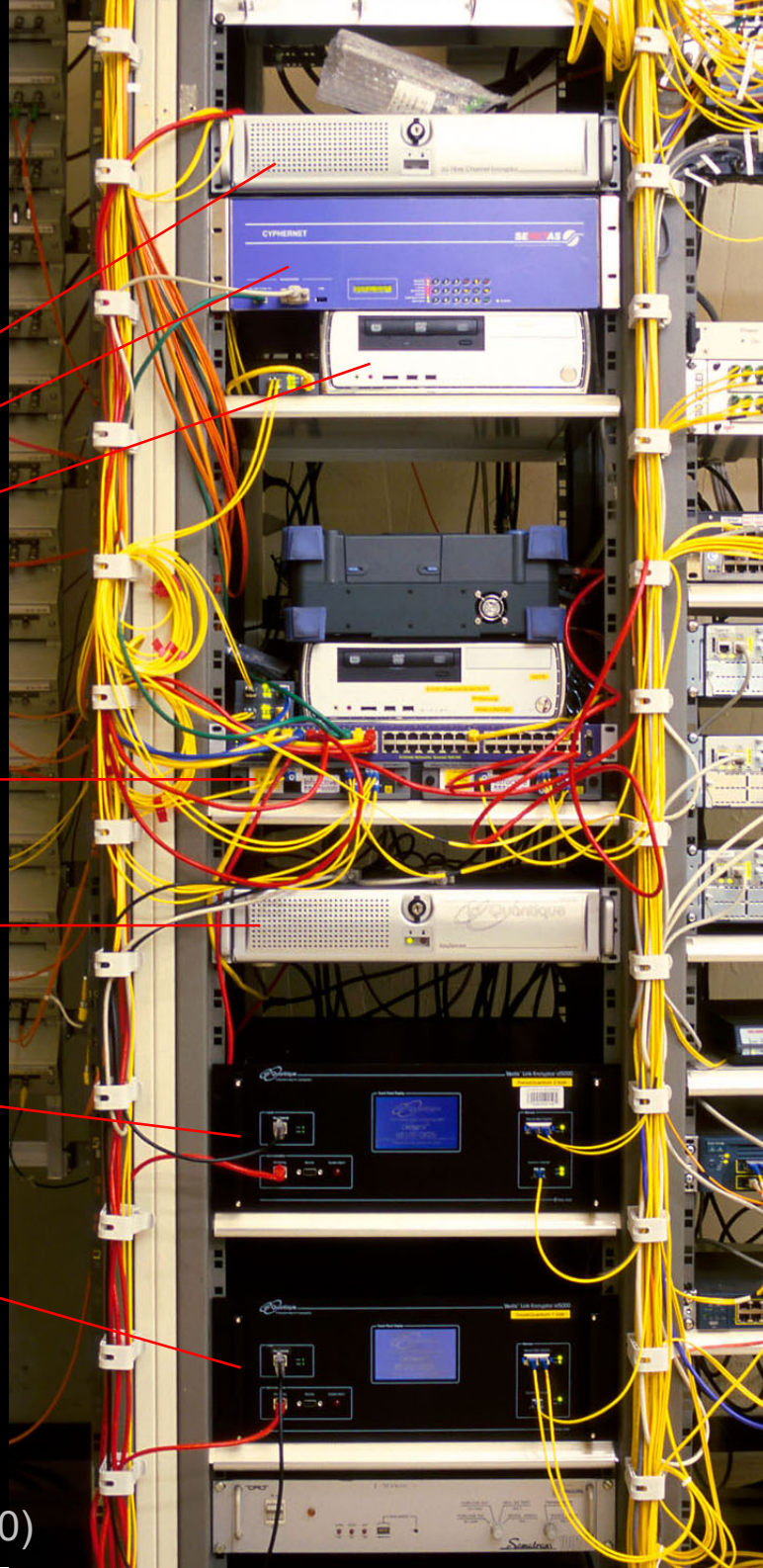
- L2, 2 Gbit/s
- L2, 10 Gbit/s
- L3 VPN, 100 Mbit/s

WDMs

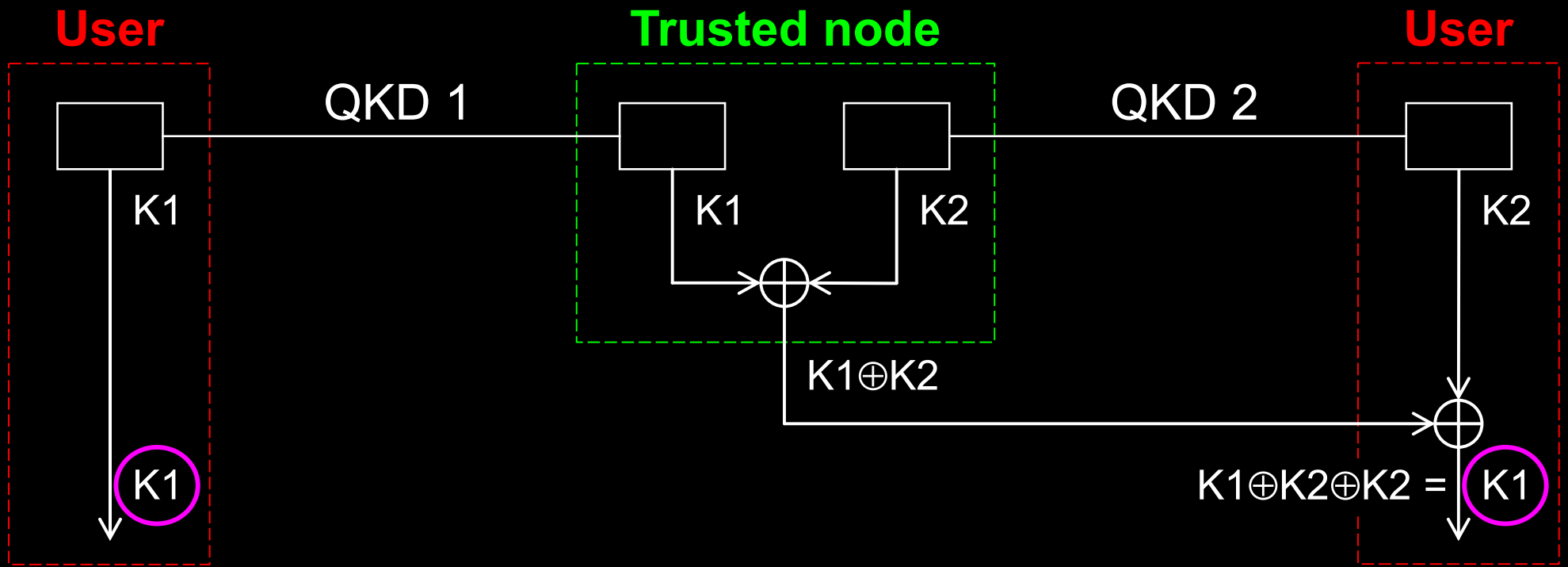
Key manager

QKD to another node
(4 km)

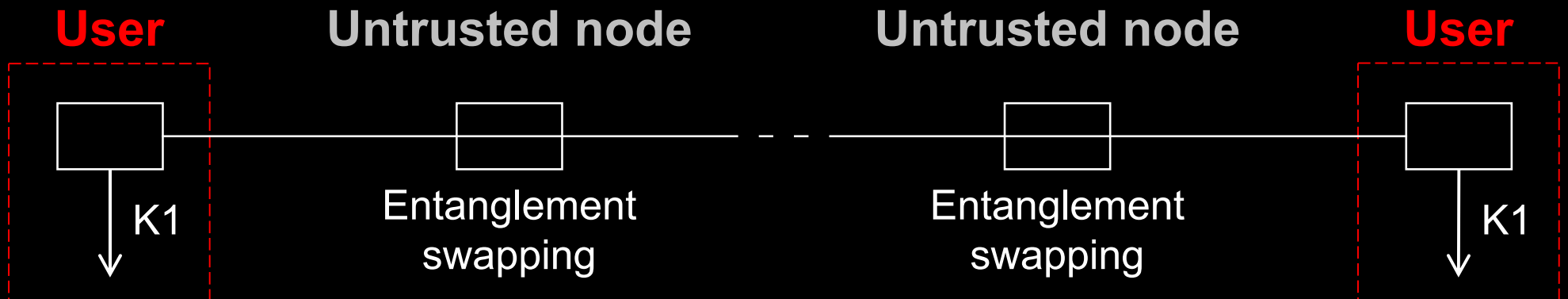
QKD to another node
(14 km)

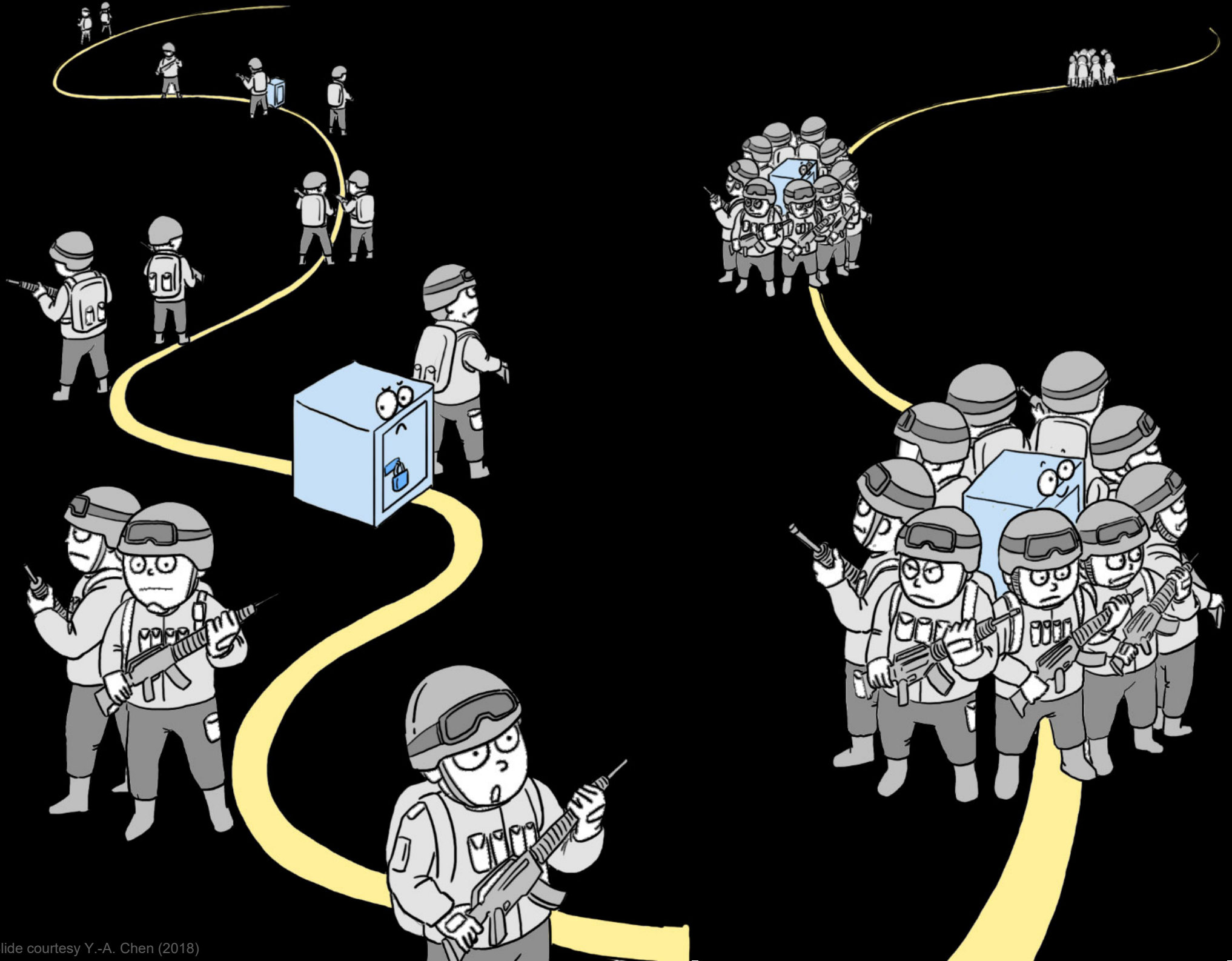


Today: trusted-node repeater

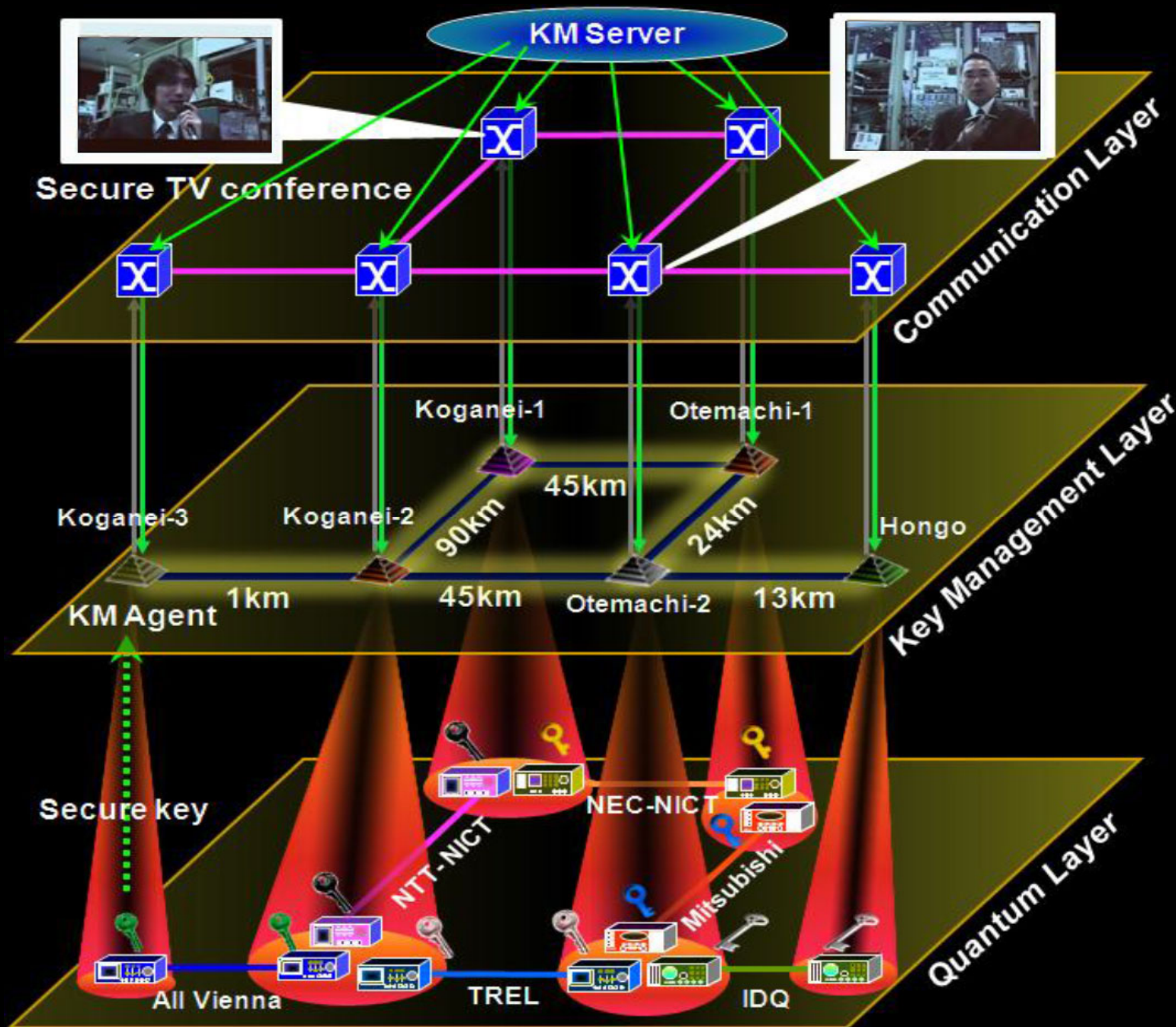


Future: quantum repeater





Trusted-node network



Quantum Backbone

- Total Length 2000 km
- 2013.6-2016.12
- 32 trustable relay nodes
- 31 fiber links
- Metropolitan networks
 - Existing: Hefei, Jinan
 - New: Beijing, Shanghai
- Customer: China Industrial & Commercial Bank; Xinhua News Agency; CBRC



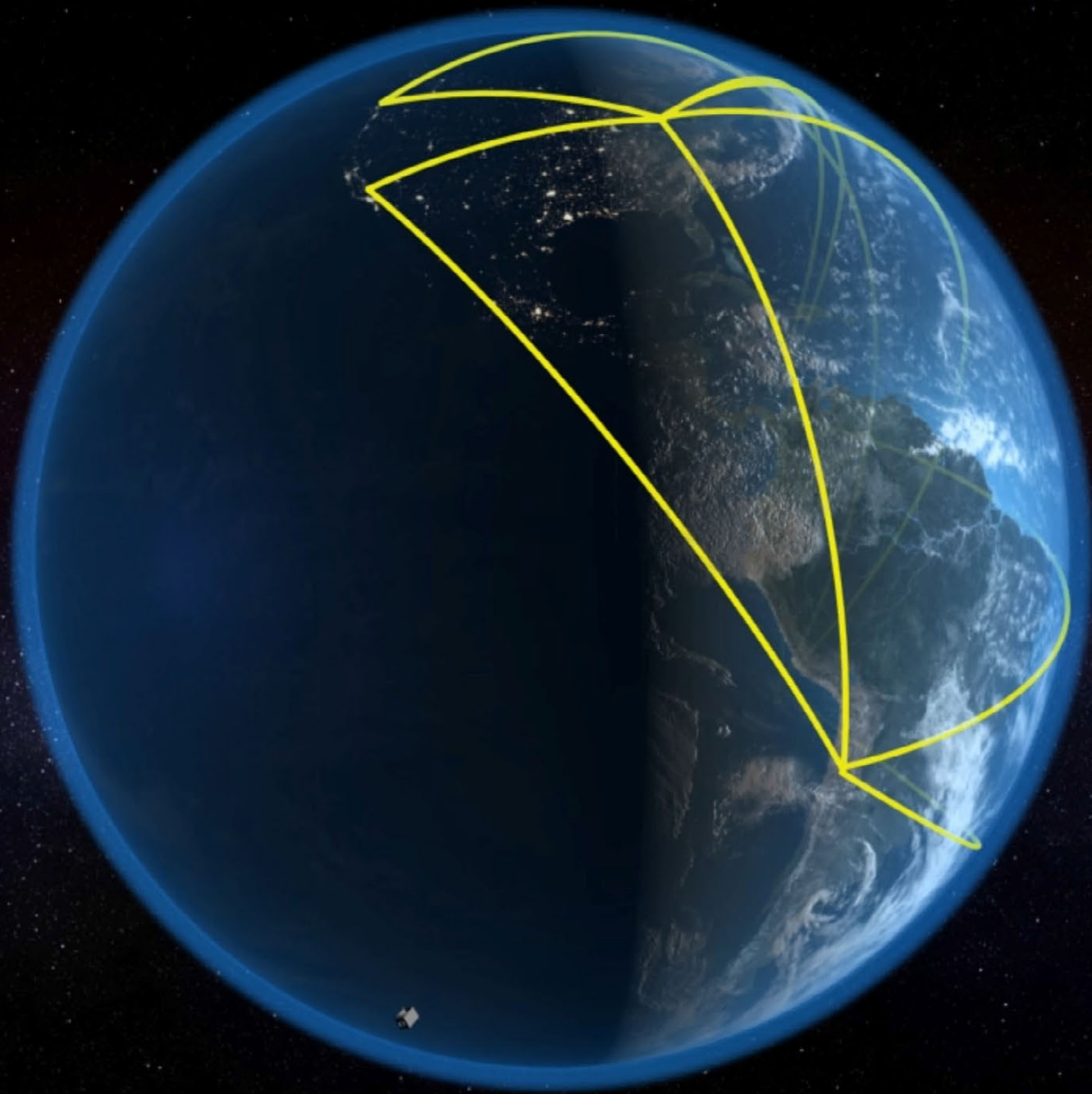


Shanghai control center of the Chinese quantum key distribution network and satellite

Photo ©2016 Vadim Makarov



Global quantum key distribution



Chinese quantum satellite Micius (launched 2016)

Bell test over 1200 km

Satellite-to-ground QKD at 1 kbit/s

Quantum teleportation over 1400 km

Test of a quantum gravity theory

Entangled-pair QKD over 1120 km

J. Yin *et al.*, *Science* **356**, 1140 (2017)

S.-K. Liao *et al.*, *Nature* **549**, 43 (2017)

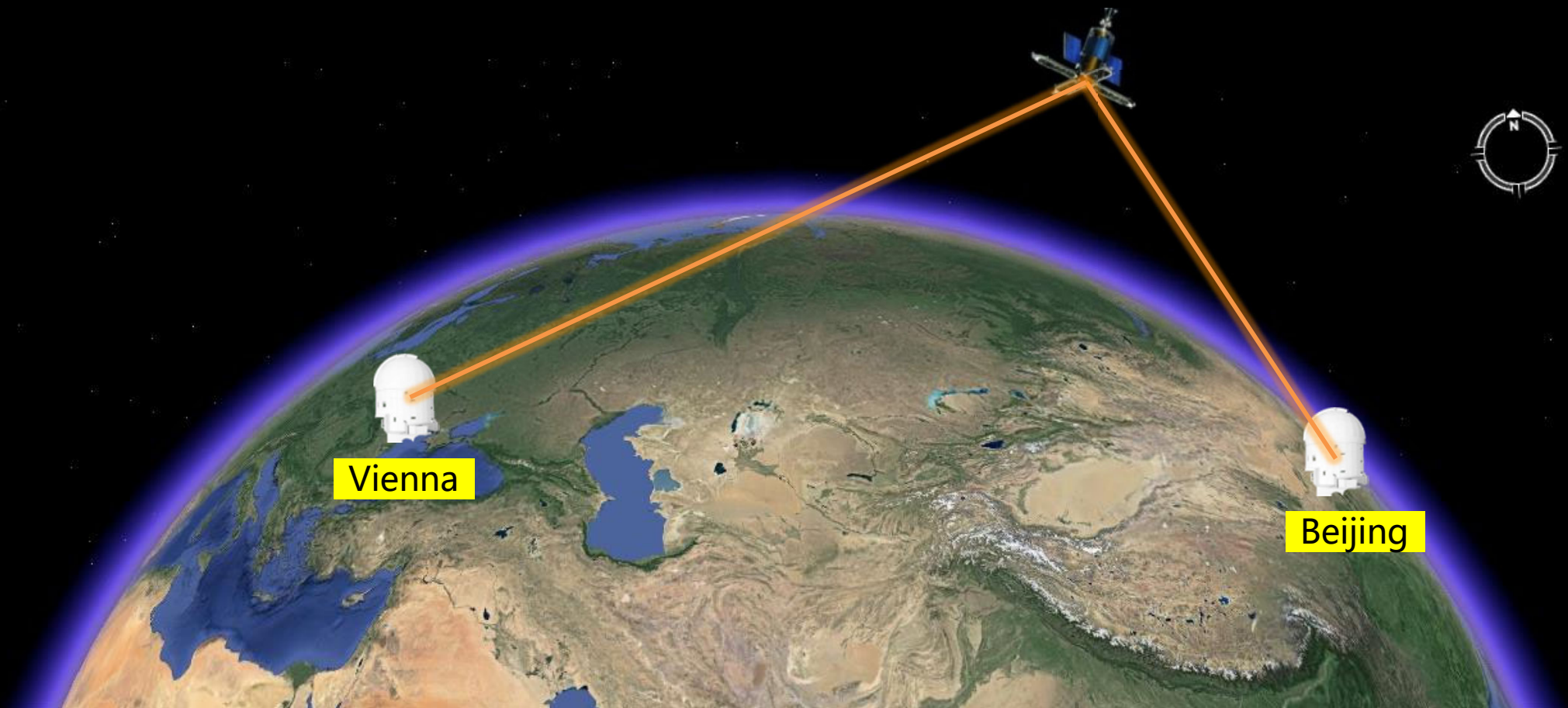
J.-G. Ren *et al.*, *Nature* **549**, 70 (2017)

P. Xu *et al.*, *Science* **366**, 132 (2019)

J. Yin *et al.*, *Nature* **582**, 501 (2020)

CAS Strategic Priority Research Program: Quantum Satellite

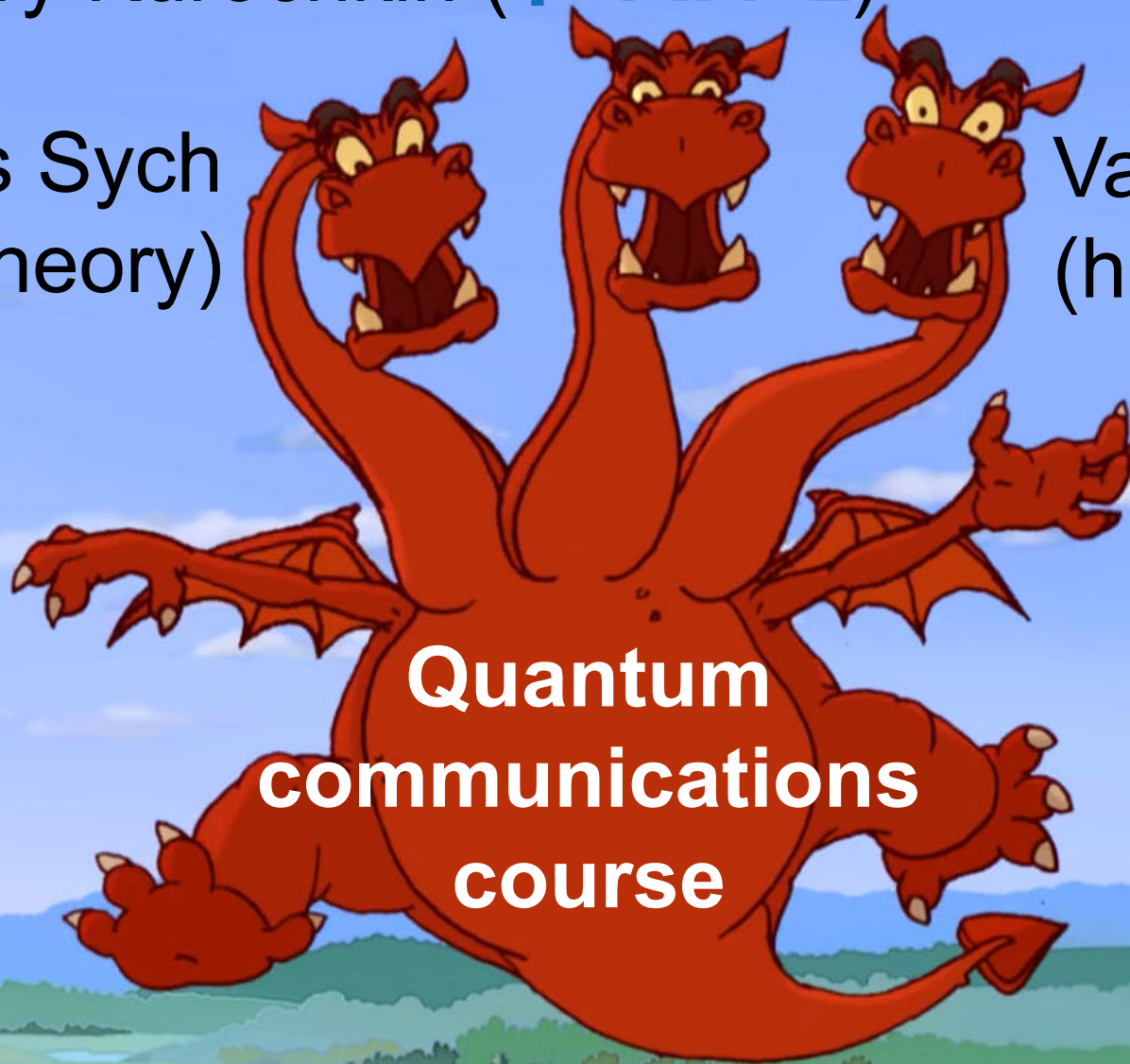
- Intercontinental quantum key distribution



Yury Kurochkin ()

Denis Sych
(theory)

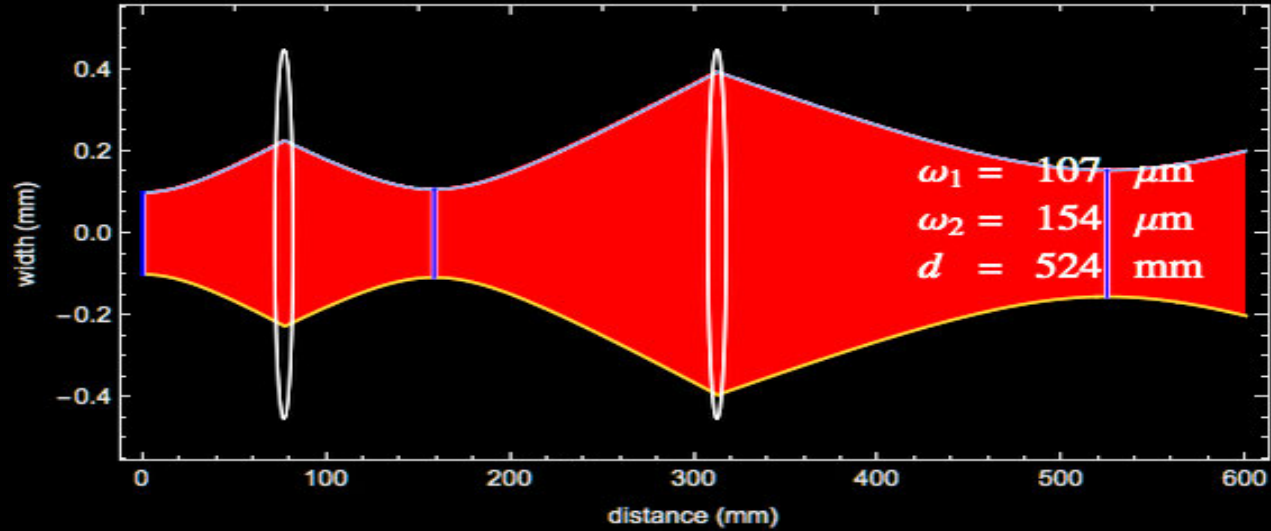
Vadim Makarov
(hacking)



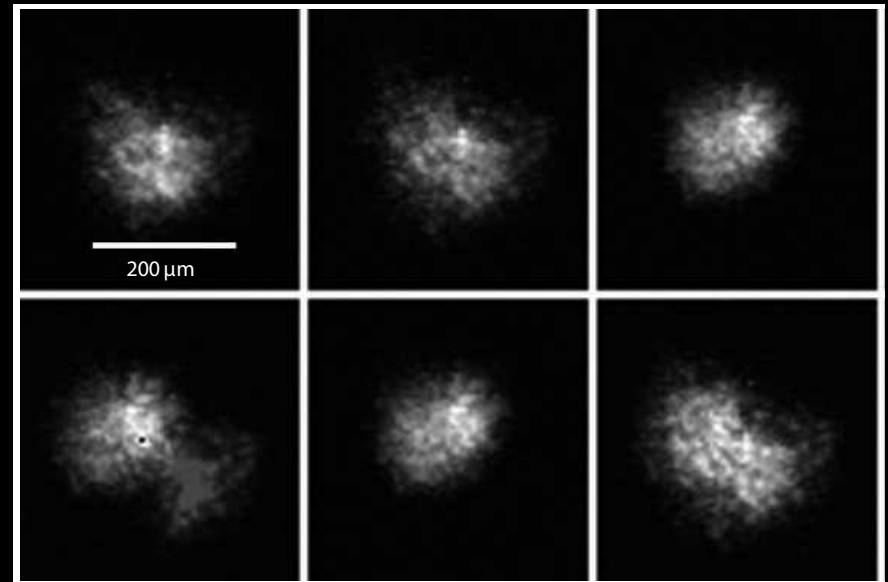
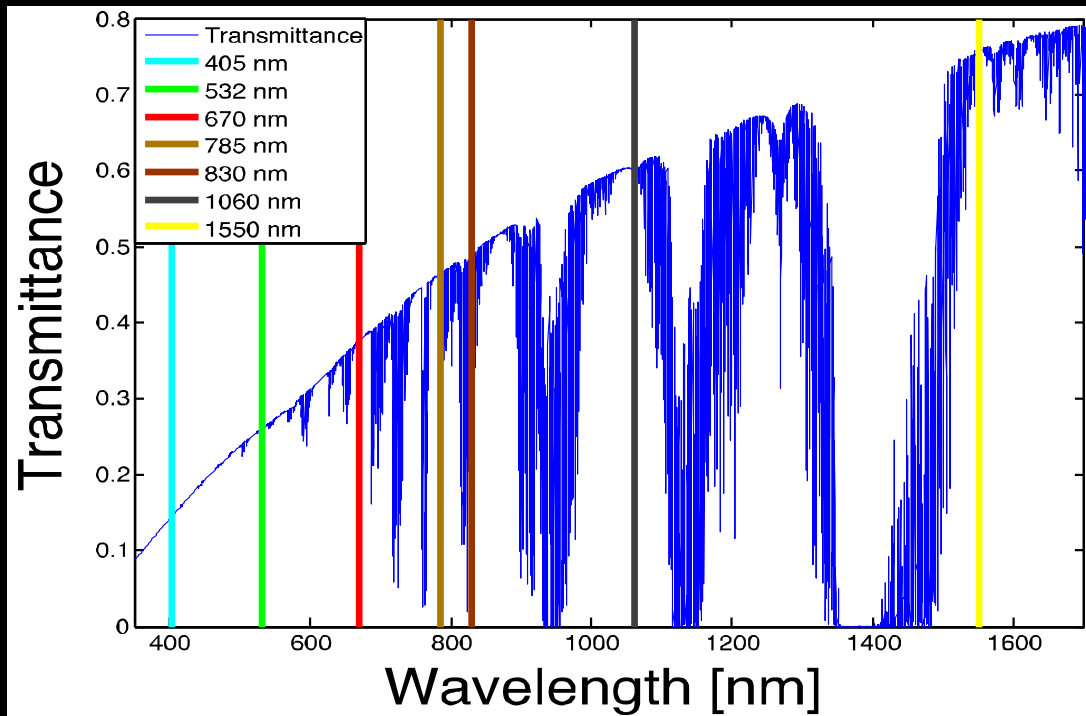
**Quantum
communications
course**

Transmission in free space

Vacuum:
Gaussian optics



Atmosphere: loss, turbulence



Quantis RNG: what's inside?

